Polk County, Florida

6—Eaton mucky fine sand, depressional

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1jttp

Mean annual precipitation: 46 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 70 to 77 degrees F

Frost-free period: 350 to 365 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Eaton, depressional, and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the

mapunit.

Description of Eaton, Depressional

Setting

Landform: Depressions on marine terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve, dip, talf

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave, linear

Parent material: Loamy and clayey marine deposits

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: mucky fine sand Eg - 6 to 29 inches: fine sand

Btg1 - 29 to 33 inches: sandy clay loam Btg2 - 33 to 80 inches: sandy clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained

Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to

2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 4.0

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 7.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Other vegetative classification: Freshwater Marshes and Ponds (R154XY010FL), Loamy and clayey soils on stream terraces, flood plains, or in depressions (G154XB345FL)

Minor Components

Felda, depressional

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Depressions on marine terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Other vegetative classification: Freshwater Marshes and Ponds (R154XY010FL), Sandy over loamy soils on stream terraces,

flood plains, or in depressions (G154XB245FL)

Chobee, depressional

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Depressions on marine terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Other vegetative classification: Freshwater Marshes and Ponds (R154XY010FL), Loamy and clayey soils on stream terraces,

flood plains, or in depressions (G154XB345FL)

Holopaw, depressional

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Depressions on marine terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Other vegetative classification: Freshwater Marshes and Ponds (R154XY010FL), Sandy soils on stream terraces, flood plains, or

in depressions (G154XB145FL)

Floridana, depressional

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Depressions on marine terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Other vegetative classification: Freshwater Marshes and Ponds (R154XY010FL), Sandy over loamy soils on stream terraces,

flood plains, or in depressions (G154XB245FL)

Winder, depressional

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Depressions on marine terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave

Across-slope shape: Concave, linear

Other vegetative classification: Freshwater Marshes and Ponds (R154XY010FL), Loamy and clayey soils on stream terraces, flood plains, or in depressions (G154XB345FL)

Kaliga

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Depressions on marine terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Other vegetative classification: Freshwater Marshes and Ponds (R154XY010FL), Organic soils in depressions and on flood plains

(G154XB645FL)

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Polk County, Florida Survey Area Data: Version 10, Sep 22, 2014